

สารบัญ

เกี่ยวกับตัวพิมพ์

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ลิขสิทธิ์

การช่วยเหลือและสนับสนุน

โปรแกรมที่สนับสนุนความสามารถ OpenType

เกี่ยวกับตัวพิมพ์

ตัวพิมพ์ได้ถูกออกแบบแบ่งเป็น 3 ฟอนต์ คือ PS Pimpdeed II New (พส. พิมพ์ดีด ๒ ใหม่), PS Pimpdeed II New ASCII และ PS Pimpdeed II New ASCII w/o Thai ทั้ง 3 ฟอนต์มีรูปลักษณะที่เหมือนกันทุกประการ แต่แตกต่างกันที่ลักษณะการนำไปใช้งาน ซึ่งจะกล่าวในหัวข้อต่อไป

ฟอนต์พิมพ์ดีดชุดนี้ได้รับการปรับปรุงและพัฒนาจากฟอนต์พิมพ์ดีดตัวเดิมคือ PS Pimpdeed II ซึ่งมีการปรับปรุงด้านความคมชัดของตัวอักษร การสนับสนุน OpenType การสนับสนุนภาษาต่างๆ การสนับสนุนใช้งานกับโปรแกรมต่างๆ ทั้งหมดนี้ต้องใช้เวลาในการพัฒนาและทดสอบการใช้งานยาวนานถึง 2 ปี

ฟอนต์พิมพ์ดีดชุดเดิมได้รับการพัฒนามาจากตัวอักษรของพิมพ์ดีดไฟฟ้า จึงมีแนวคิดให้มีการจัดระดับตัวอักษรให้เหมือนเครื่องพิมพ์ดีดไฟฟ้า ซึ่งจะไม่ตรงกับฟอนต์ภาษาไทยทุกๆ ไป นอกจากนี้ยังคงเอกลักษณ์ของการเขียนภาษาไทยแบบดั้งเดิม คือ วรรณยุกต์จะต้องอยู่ตรงหางพยัญชนะ โดยไม่เว้นพยัญชนะหางยาว คือ ป ฝ ฟ ทำให้ดูเหมือนวรรณยุกต์ลอยในพยัญชนะเหล่านี้ แม้ในความเป็นจริงจะไม่ได้ตั้งใจเช่นนั้นก็ตาม

ฟอนต์ชุดนี้ได้รับการพัฒนาใน 3 แนวทาง กล่าวคือ ชุดแรก PS Pimpdeed II New (พส. พิมพ์ดีด ๒ ใหม่) ได้รับการพัฒนาเพื่อเป็นฟอนต์ Unicode สมบูรณ์แบบ โดยสนับสนุนภาษาต่างๆ มากมาย แรกแต่เดิมทีนั้นผู้จัดทำต้องการที่จะจัดทำเป็นฟอนต์ที่สนับสนุนภาษาของเอเชียตะวันออกเฉียงใต้เท่านั้น แต่เนื่องจากภาษาหลักคืออังกฤษ ที่ใช้อักษรโรมันซึ่งมีหลายประเทศ



ใช้อักษรชนิดนี้ ก็เลยทำให้สนับสนุนภาษาทางยุโรปไปโดยปริยาย แต่ทั้งนี้จะมีเพียงภาษาอังกฤษเท่านั้นที่สนับสนุนได้อย่าง 100% ในกลุ่มภาษาที่ใช้อักษรโรมัน โดยจุดประสงค์การใช้งาน ฟอนต์นี้นั้นเน้นด้านการใช้งานด้านโปรแกรมสำนักงานและโปรแกรมที่สนับสนุน Unicode และ Opentype เช่น MS Office และ OpenOffice.org

สำหรับฟอนต์ชุดที่ 2 และ 3 นั้น คือ PS Pimpdeed II New ASCII และ PS Pimpdeed II New ASCII w/o Thai ถูกออกแบบมาเพื่อใช้กับโปรแกรมกราฟิกรุ่นเก่าๆ ไปจนถึงรุ่นใหม่ๆ ซึ่งสามารถใช้ได้ทั้ง Windows และ Mac รวมไปถึง Linux แต่อย่างไรก็ตามฟอนต์ชุด 2 และ 3 นี้ ไม่ได้อิงตามมาตรฐาน Unicode เพียงอย่างเดียว แต่อิงตามมาตรฐาน ASCII ด้วย ทำให้ไม่มีส่วนสนับสนุนภาษาอื่นนอกเหนือจากไทยและอังกฤษ และไม่มีความสามารถเกี่ยวกับ OpenType บางอย่างที่มีในรุ่นปกติ

การนำไปใช้งาน

ฟอนต์ชุดแรกได้ถูกออกแบบเพื่อใช้งานกับโปรแกรมออฟฟิศและโปรแกรมที่สนับสนุน

OpenType เป็นหลัก ดังนั้นจึงมีความสามารถในด้านต่างๆ ดังนี้

1. สนับสนุน Unicode 100% จึงสามารถใช้กับโปรแกรมที่ใช้งาน Unicode ได้
อย่าง 100%
2. สนับสนุนความสามารถของ OpenType ดังนี้
 - ก. **Ligature** สนับสนุนการแทนที่ตัวอักษร โดยในภาษาไทยและลาวจะสนับสนุน
ในด้านแก้ไขปัญหาเรื่องสระลอย และเพิ่มรหัสย่อ ดังนี้
ข้อความเมื่อพิมพ์ --> ผลลัพธ์
๑+ครุฑ+๑--> 
LOGO.KRUT --> 
1**2 --> 1×2
1 * 2 --> 1 × 2
4//2 --> 4÷2
4 / 2 --> 4 ÷ 2
๑๑ --> ๑
๑๑ --> ๑
๑๑ --> 1
๑+๑ == ๑

ภ+า == ภ

๐+" == ๐

- ข. Kerning เฉพาะภาษาอังกฤษเท่านั้น
 - ค. Fraction ใช้ได้ทั้งไทยและอังกฤษ เช่น 1/2 1/4 3/4 เป็นต้น
 - ง. SuperScript ใช้ได้เฉพาะตัวเลข เช่น ยกกำลัง¹²³⁴⁵⁶⁷⁸⁹⁰
 - จ. SubScript ใช้ได้เฉพาะตัวเลข เช่น เลขฐาน₁₂₃₄₅₆₇₉₀
 - ฉ. Zero ใช้ได้กับบางโปรแกรมเท่านั้นสำหรับแปลงเลข 0 ให้เป็น ∅
 - ช. SmallCaps สำหรับแปลงตัวพิมพ์เล็กให้เป็นพิมพ์ใหญ่ขนาดเท่าพิมพ์เล็ก เช่น SMALLCAPS ใช้ได้เฉพาะภาษาอังกฤษเท่านั้น
3. สนับสนุนภาษาให้ใช้งานดังต่อไปนี้
- ก. ภาษาไทย
 - ข. English
 - ค. พาสลาว
 - ง. Russian
 - จ. Turkish
 - ฉ. German (Deutch)
 - ช. Greek
4. สนับสนุนภาษารอง เพื่อใช้พิมพ์ภาษาบาลี ทั้งไทย อังกฤษ และ ลาว

ฟอนต์ชุดที่ 2 และ 3 (ซึ่งมีคำว่า ASCII) สามารถนำไปประยุกต์ใช้กับโปรแกรมกราฟิกได้ตามสะดวก ซึ่งบางโปรแกรมก็จะไม่สามารถใช้ ASCII ธรรมดาได้ ก็ขอให้ใช้รุ่น w/o thai แทนก็จะสามารถใช้ได้ตามปกติ

การติดตั้ง

แบ่งการติดตั้งตามระบบปฏิบัติการดังนี้

1. Windows คลิกขวาที่ชื่อไฟล์ฟอนต์ที่ได้แยกไฟล์ออกมาเลือกคำสั่ง copy แล้วคลิกที่ Start -> Control Panel -> Fonts แล้วคลิกขวาที่ว่างๆ แล้วเลือก Paste ก็จะสามารถใช้งานได้ทันที
2. Mac คลิกที่ชื่อไฟล์ฟอนต์ที่ได้แยกไฟล์ออกมาเลือกคำสั่ง copy แล้วเข้าไปที่ System -> Fonts แล้วคลิกเลือกคำสั่ง Paste ก็จะสามารถใช้งานได้

3. **Linux** คลิกขวาที่ชื่อไฟล์ฟอนต์ที่ได้แยกไฟล์ออกมาเลือกคำสั่ง **copy** แล้วเข้าไปที่ `/etc/X11R6/lib/fonts/TTF` แล้วคลิกขวาอีกครั้งเลือกคำสั่ง **paste** แล้วบูตเครื่องใหม่อีกครั้งก็จะใช้ได้
*หมายเหตุ การติดตั้งฟอนต์ของ **linux** แต่ละ **distribution** ไม่เหมือนกัน ขอให้ศึกษาวิธีการก่อนติดตั้ง
4. ระบบปฏิบัติการอื่นๆ ให้ติดตั้งตามแบบที่ระบบนั้นๆ กำหนด

ลิขสิทธิ์

ฟอนต์ที่ใช้ในคอมพิวเตอร์ได้รับการคุ้มครองลิขสิทธิ์ โดยจัดอยู่ในหมวดโปรแกรมคอมพิวเตอร์ โดยฟอนต์ชุดนี้ได้กำหนดสัญญาอนุญาตให้ใช้สิทธิ์แบบ GNU LGPL ซึ่งสัญญาอนุญาตนี้เป็นการยอมรับโดยผู้ใช้ในทันทีที่ผู้ใช้ติดตั้งฟอนต์ลงในเครื่อง

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the

operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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